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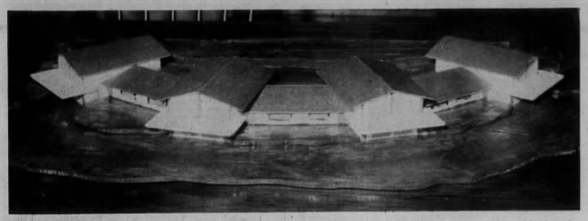

ALREADY PLANNING EXPANSION — Although it opened for its first regular session only this fall, the Hyde School is already planning new dormitories for faculty and students. Construction on the first of these units, shown in the model, is expected to begin in December. Final plans call for construction of all five.

Two New Bath Schools Draw Large Crowds

Despite rainy weather, good crowds turned out for both the open houses in Bath Sunday. A crowd estimated at 500 visited the new Hyde School and over 100 stopped at the Elmhurst Center at Hyde Park.

The Hyde School, an independent secondary school, had on display plans for and models of new dormitories which are to be started in December. The dormitory units will combine flexible facilities for both faculty and students.

According to Assistant Headmaster Sumner Hawley, the first two units are to be started this winter with another three to follow. They are designed by Andre Warren.

Headmaster Joseph W. Gauld and Mrs. Gauld were on hand to receive the guests.

Since the Hyde School purchased the facilities from the Pine Tree Society for Crippled Children and Adults, the Jennon Bath estate has been transformed into a secondary school.

The upper floors are living quarters for students and faculty and the new wing, last used by the Pine Tree Society Communications Center, has been transformed into classrooms.

Of particular interest was the biology laboratory which featured many animals from the area and the biology teacher said he found the grounds a treasure trove for specimens. The students have also found Reid State Park particularly rewarding for field trips.

The indoor swimming pool is back in use by the school and athletic facilities are planned for the 104 acre estate.

Present enrollment is 59 in the first year but the goal is for 250 students by 1972.

At Elmhurst, a school run by the Bath-Brunswick Regional Association for Retarded Children, most interest was in the teaching methods for the retarded children. An official said that many visitors were surprised to learn it was not just a babysitting establishment.

The school, which was formerly located on the Hyde estate, is now in the recreation building at the Hyde housing development on the other side of town.

The building has been painted very cheery colors and decorations are equally bright. Mrs. Foster Pratt commented that it was even cheerier when the sun was shining. Next step for the school is the completion of playground facilities.

TEACHING METHODS EXPLAINED — Mrs. Marian Towle (right) explains some of the teaching methods in her class for retarded adults at the Elmhurst School, which drew over 100 interested visitors at its open house on Sunday.

Arab Boycott of Israel Presents Problems for Many US Industries

By FREDRICK SMITH

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CAIRO — The Arab boycott of Israel, in effect 18 years, is posing its most striking challenge to American industry.

Both industrial giants as the Ford Motor Company, its subsidiary, the Philco Corporation, Coca-Cola International Corporation, the Radio Corporation of America, the Zenith Radio Corporation and Sears, Roebuck & Co., have either felt the bite of the boycott or are working to avoid a threatened embargo by the Arab states.

Action or impending action against these major American companies has set off intensive behind-the-scenes politicking and bargaining in the silent, largely hidden, pressure game that arises from the Arab's economic cold war with Israel.

The Ford and Coca-Cola cases are particularly tricky because of potential repercussions of a boycott on their widespread operations in the Arab world, mostly owned and operated by Arab businessmen.

Zenith and Sears, Roebuck have already been blacklisted. Zenith for its decision to forsake Arab markets and produce television sets in Jerusalem and Sears out of apparent confusion with an unrelated British company named Sears. The American Sears has notified boycott officials by declining even to explain its innocence.

To some ardent Arab nationalists, this fall, the culmination of a steady build-up in boycott activities, represents a make-or-break test. Others see the situation in reverse: a deliberate attempt by Israel to "up the ante" by soliciting offers from important American manufacturers to pose a direct challenge to the boycott.

Still others, most notably the United States Government, would like to avert a head-on economic clash with its inevitable political overtones. But Washington's hands are technically tied by a Congressional resolution approved in June, 1965, which asserts that it is against United States policy to recognize a foreign boycott against a friendly nation.

Furthermore, while the United States presses its own embargoes against Cuba and North Vietnam, among others, it is in an awkward position to protest to the Arabs about the impropriety of their anti-Israel boycott or to the Israelis about their counterboycott of the Arabs.

For businessmen, walking an economic tightrope in the Middle East is an old problem. For years they have faced a dilemma: whether to do business with Israel a nation of 2½ million people, and run the risk of having their products banned by 13 Arab countries with 105 million people; or whether to cater to the Arab market, ignore Israel, and risk pressures from Zionists and Jewish groups in the United States, Europe and elsewhere.

Now, American companies have an additional problem — Congress has encouraged them to refuse to answer Arab boycott questionnaire though such refusal can lead to blacklisting in some cases. Instead, the companies are supposed to report to the Commerce Department any approach from Arab or Israeli boycott offices.

The Arab boycott began in earnest in 1921, as a campaign to weaken Israel's economy and armed forces by limiting her access to foreign markets, sources of arms and supplies, and foreign capital and technical know-how.

Israeli officials are said to consider the boycott more of a nuisance than a serious deterrent to economic development or military security. Arms deliveries from France, West Germany and others have not been significantly affected.

Legalistic application of boycott rules in the past has occasionally led to bewildering results. Several years ago an American ship arrived in Beirut to unload some wheat after a stop at Haifa. She was forced to go to Cyprus and unload there to purge herself, then take on the wheat again and deliver it to Beirut.

More recently, American vessels have been able to clear themselves of the blacklist when they delivered American food shipments to Cairo by declaring they would not return to Israel again.

Sal Mineo, the American movie actor, was once blacklisted for having played a Zionist fanatic in the movie "Exodus" but the ban was lifted after he portrayed an Arab nationalist in another film, "Escape From Zahrein."

Two years ago, the Lebanese boycott office refused to permit the showing of Walt Disney's "Sleeping Beauty" because the horse in the movie had an Old Testament name — Samson. The Lebanese boycott director wanted it changed to Simson.

Insanity Plea Entered In Assassination Trial

By DAVID J. PAINE

CAPE TOWN, South Africa (AP) — A defense psychiatrist testified today that Dimitrio Tsafendas told him he killed Prime Minister Hendrik Verwoerd because Tsafendas had a tapeworm inside him that had changed his life and influenced his actions.

Dr. Harold Cooper was testifying in support of a defense contention that Tsafendas, 48, was mentally deranged when he stabbed the prime minister Sept. 6. The defense entered the insanity plea at the start today of Tsafendas' trial on a charge of murder.

The defense contention delayed all testimony concerning the murder charge as well as Tsafendas' plea of guilty or innocent to the charge. South African law provides that in such cases the court must first rule on the defendant's sanity. If he is found mentally disabled he will be committed to a mental institution.

Tsafendas' attorneys have listed 30 medical men and psychologists they may call as witnesses. Dr. P. H. Henning, medical superintendent of the Fort Napier Mental Hospital, has been named to help Supreme Court Judge A. B. Beyers as an assessor. Henning is a psychiatrist who has testified in many criminal trials.

Tsafendas did not plead to the murder charge in two brief earlier court appearances. Conviction of murder carries the death penalty and execution is by hanging.

There is no jury for the trial, which is expected to continue most of this week.

Verwoerd was fatally stabbed in Parliament Sept. 6. Moments after the prime minister fell, Cabinet ministers and other members of Parliament seized Tsafendas, 48, who had been working as a parliamentary messenger. He has been described as a mulatto, although he had passed for white in racially segregated South Africa.

After Tsafendas' arrest, accounts by acquaintances of his remarks indicated he considered himself a poor white and was motivated by resentment at what the government was doing for the Negroes, not by opposition to Verwoerd's apartheid policy of racial segregation.

The accused man is said to have been born in Lourenco Marques, capital of Portuguese Mozambique in East Africa. Press reports here have described his mother as an African or a mulatto and his father as a native of Crete.

Verwoerd in April 1960 was shot twice in the head by a wealthy white farmer who was judged insane and hanged himself in a mental hospital 18 months later.

News Notes From Maine

DEAD WHALE

SOUTHWEST HARBOR (AP) — A dead 33-foot sperm whale washed ashore on the beach today at Sea Wall, a point jutting out into the ocean on Mt. Desert Island.

Paul Fernald, a ranger at Acadia National Park, said the Coast Guard planned to pull it off the beach in the afternoon.

MAINE'S CLEAN AIR

PORTLAND (AP) — When Maine brags about its fresh air, Secretary of State Kenneth M. Curtis said today, "what we really mean is our relatively fresh air."

Because air pollution isn't as bad as in Los Angeles, the Democratic candidate for governor said, Maine "has cause to be grateful but not to rejoice."

"It is not cause to do nothing or to refuse to recognize that we do have problems," he said.

Curtis, in Portland for his television debate with Gov. Reed tonight, gave a brief prepared speech to party workers, saying:

"Gov. Reed has held office for seven years. In seven years he has proposed absolutely nothing to meet the mounting problem of air pollution. . . ."

Curtis said he has proposed revenue bond financing of purification plants to help Maine industry "clean house" in regard to both air and water pollution.

FIRE LOSS

ISLAND FALLS (AP) — Loss is estimated at $100,000 in a fire of undetermined cause which destroyed the Eastern Maine Starch Co.'s warehouse here over the weekend.

Vice President James H. Page of Caribou, who made the estimate, said the building and all its contents were lost.

WEATHER

Partly cloudy and cool tonight and Tuesday. Chance of a few brief showers in the mountains. Lowest temperatures tonight 36-45 with chance of some scattered light frost. Northwest winds 10-15 mph.

Sun sets 5:32; rises Tuesday 6:37
High tide 3:28 this afternoon; 4:04 Tuesday morning

(One hour earlier on the coast)

Day's length 10 hours, 57 minutes
Day's decrease 4 hrs., 34 min.

News in Brief:

Plaque Honors Sumner Sewall

Installation of a bronze plaque honoring the late Sumner Sewall was completed in city hall this morning.

The plaque, which was voted by City Council more than a year ago at the instigation of Councilman-At-Large Charles F. MacDonald includes a foot and a half square, raised portrait of the former Maine governor who died Jan. 31, 1965.

The huge 31 inch by 50 inch plaque cites Sewall's World War I flying record, when as a first lieutenant he became one of America's first flying aces and was decorated with the Distinguished Service Cross and with awards from the French and Belgium governments.

The plaque also describes the former Maine governor as a pioneer in commercial aviation, a post World War II military governor in occupied Germany, "a colorful, vigorous, friendly and effective leader, and an outstanding builder of peace."

"May the youth of Bath be inspired by his deeds and achievements," the citation concludes.

The $1,400 plaque was ordered through M. H. Page & Sons of Bath. Donald Page began the installation over the weekend and completed it this morning.

Sewall began his political career as an alderman from Ward 7 back in 1931. He served in the State House of Representatives in 1931 and 1936 and in the State Senate from 1937 to 1940, where he rose to be Senate President.

He was elected governor in 1940 and re-elected two years later, but was unsuccessful in a later bid for the U.S. Senate.

The memorial to Sewall was designed by a committee chairmaned by Councilman MacDonald. Also serving was Mrs. Arthur Sewall Aitken.

Education Report Still Secret

PORTLAND (AP)— The Advisory Commission on Higher Education continues to keep its own counsel on a $50,000 study by a consulting firm despite a published news story purporting to give some of its recommendations.

Although the commission has said it wants to keep the study and its own report thereon out of politics, they have been for weeks a part of the campaign for the Nov. 8 election.

The Portland Sunday Telegram carried a story Sunday under the byline of its education reporter, Charles C. Sutton, saying the consultants had made such recommendations as:

Merger of University of Maine in Portland, Gorham State College and Southern Maine Vocational Technical Institute.

Removal of the four vocational technical institutes and the five state colleges from the State Board of Education's jurisdiction, putting them either into a greater university system or under independent boards of trustees.

Greater coordination of public higher educational facilities to avoid costly duplication; pooling of faculties and a hard look at use and waste of space on campuses.

The commission has voted, although far from unanimously, to keep the study a secret until its own report is ready for release. It has to be ready by mid January but several politicians, particularly Democratic gubernatorial candidate Kenneth M. Curtis, want at least the study to be released prior to the election.

President Okays Dickey Funds

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Johnson has signed a bill carrying $1.1 million in planning money for a huge hydroelectric power project on the St. John River, which forms part of the boundary between Maine and Canada.

The item is in a bill appropriating $4.1 billion for public works throughout the nation. Presidential approval of the bill was announced by the White House Sunday.

The project, designed for eventual production of 794,000 kilowatts of electric power, would be built at the Dickey-Lincoln School sites. President Johnson has recommended construction of the plant.

Backers of the project say it would offer substantial benefits to power consumers and to existing power systems in Maine and New England.

The amount appropriated is $100,000 less than the President recommended.

The project is designed to provide flood control benefits as well as power production.

Soviets Lead Attack on Red China

By FRED COLEMAN

MOSCOW (AP) — The Soviet Union made a sweeping press attack against Red China today as East European Communist chiefs gathered here for talks that could end in a joint condemnation of Peking.

The controlled Soviet press was clearly laying the groundwork for a common blast of China by Soviet bloc leaders should they decide to issue one. A joint criticism could only deepen the split in the Red camp.

Pravda, the Communist Party organ and the most influential Soviet paper, carried three separate attacks on Peking today. A'l were summary articles reviewing prior criticisms. But it appeared significant that Pravda should carry three such articles on a day when Soviet block leaders were arriving for talks on China.

Communist sources have reported both the Soviet bloc meeting on China and a space launch planned for Thursday, but neither has been announced. But leaders of all Soviet bloc countries not already in the city are expected soon.

The Pravda articles all pictured the split with Peking as a division between China and practically all other Communist parties. All blamed China for the lack of Communist unity in Viet Nam and elsewhere. All said that in blocking unity, China was helping imperialist forces.

One commentary summarized recent statements by Communist parties in other countries and said "unanimous condemnation of the political course pursued by the Chinese leadership is typical."

Communist China continued to accuse the Soviet union of "naked collusion" with the United States to carry out counter-revolutionary strategy.

An article in the official Peking People's Daily asserted that President Johnson's proposal for a mutual U.S.—Soviet troop reduction in Europe was designed to free American forces there and concentrate them against North Viet Nam and China.

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